Forest (Conservation) Act, 1980

- Basic Introduction to various provisions of the Act.
- Processing of proposals as per PARIVESH 2.0

INTRODUCTION

- Forest (Conservation) Act came into force in October, 1980.
- The Section 2 of the Act puts restriction on the de-reservation of forests or use of forest land for non-forestry purposes.
- The Act mandates prior permission of Central Government (MoEF&CC) before carrying out any non-forestry use of forest land.
- Non forestry purpose: means breaking up or clearing of any forest land or portion thereof for
- □ the cultivation of tea, coffee, spices, rubber, palms, oil-bearing plants, horticultural crops or medicinal plants;
 - any purpose other than reforestation.

PENALTY FOR CONTRAVENTION OF PROVISIONS OF THE ACT

• Section 3 A of the Act provides that whoever contravenes or abets the contravention of any of the provisions of Section 2, shall be punishable with simple imprisonment for a period, which may extend to fifteen days.

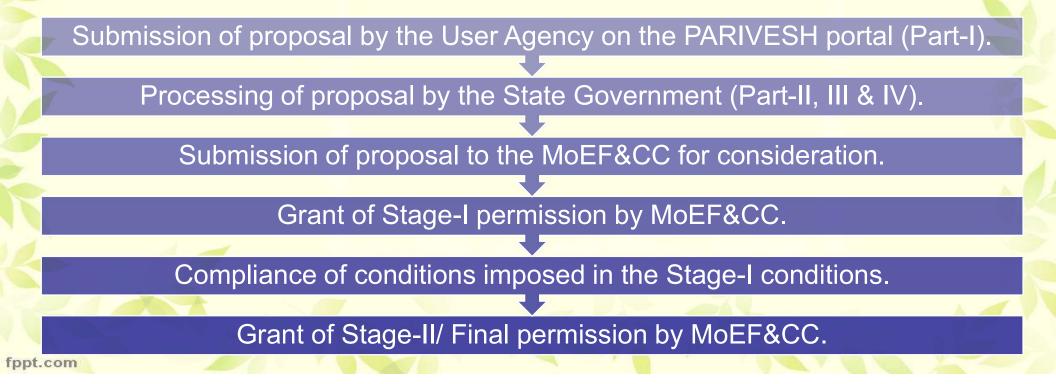
Forest (Conservation) Rules

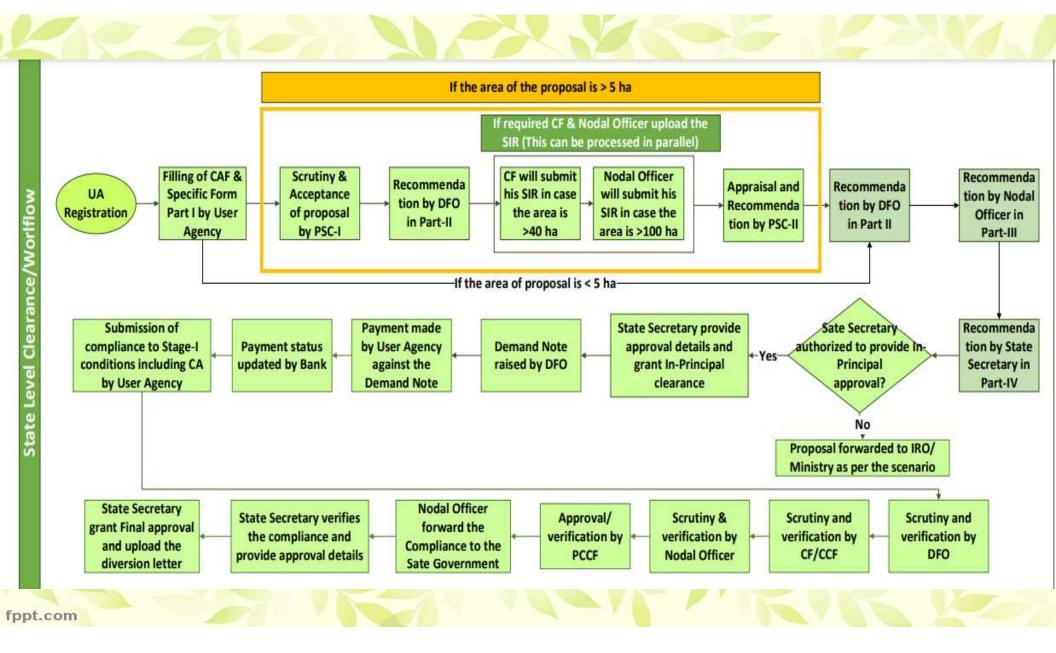
- Enlists the procedure to be followed for submission & processing of proposal for seeking approval of Central Government under Section 2 of the F(C)A, 1980.
- The application process under Form A involves
- $\checkmark\,$ Part-I $\,$ To be filled by the User Agency
- ✓ Part-II To be filled by the concerned DCF
- ✓ Part-III To be filled by the Nodal Officer FCA
- ✓ Part-IV To be filled by the State Secretary

Compensatory Afforestation

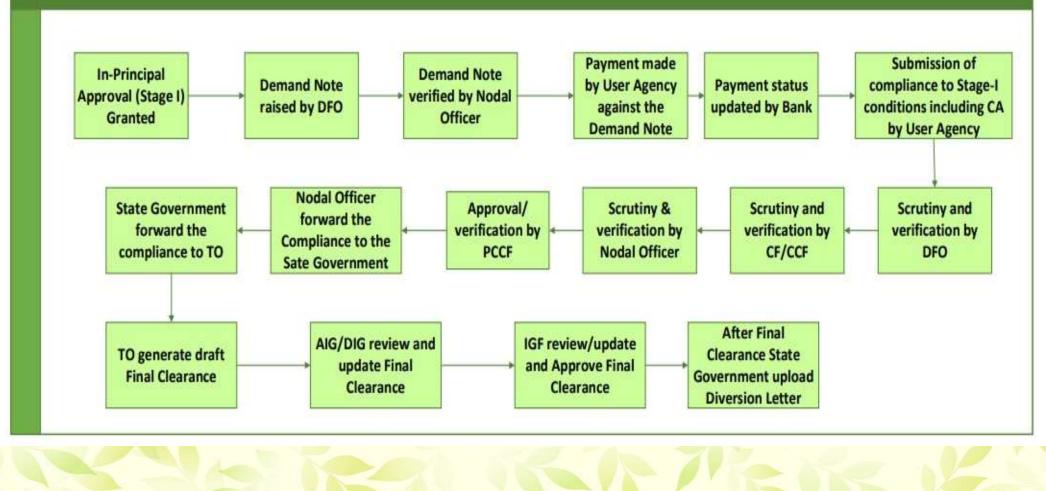
- Compensatory afforestation (CA) is one of the most important requirement/condition for prior approval of the Central Government for diversion of forest land for non-forest purposes.
- The purpose of compensatory afforestation (CA) is to compensate the loss of 'land by land' and loss of 'trees by trees'.
- Normally, CA is to be raised on suitable non-forest land, equivalent to the area proposed for diversion, at the cost to be paid by User Agency.
- As far as possible, the non-forest land for CA is to be identified contiguous to or in the proximity of a Reserve/Protected Forest to enable the Forest Department to effectively manage the newly planted area.
- Certain exemptions exist for CA land which are listed in the FC Rules.

PROCEDURE FOR OBTAINING FOREST CLEARANCE UNDER THE ACT





Ministry Level Work flow (2/2)



Documents required while submitting application by User Agency:

- Brief description of the project.
- Justification for locating the project in Forest area.
- Statements showing details of Forest area & Non Forest area involved in the project.
- Layout plan of the project, KML files and Geo-references maps of the project area.
- Undertakings for payment of NPV, CA cost, Disposal of muck, Minimum use of forest land, FRA certificate etc.
- Enumeration list of trees standing on the project site & those proposed to be felled/ transplanted.
- Approval & other statutory clearances/ permissions for the project.
- Details/ ownership of land proposed for Compensatory Afforestation (exemption in certain cases).

Documents required while recommending application by DCF:

- Joint inspection report & Site inspection report of the project area & CA land.
- Duly verified enumeration list of trees.
- Site suitability certificate of CA land.
- KML files and Geo-references maps of the CA land.
- Compensatory Afforestation scheme.
- Calculation of NPV to be levied.

Roles & responsibilities of Forest officials while processing of proposals:

- Strict implementation of regulations/ guidelines/ prevalent acts.
- Adhering to the stipulated timelines.
- Clear differentiation between Linear/ Non linear projects, Site specific/ Non Site specific projects.
- Examining of alternatives involving less forest land.
- Writing clear recommendations.

Preserve and cherish the pale blue dot, the only home we've ever known.

Carl Sagan



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Thank You !